# SCHEME AND SYLLABUS UNDER CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM B.Sc. WITH ZOOLOGY

	CORE COURSE (12)	Ability Enhancement Compulsory Courses AEC (2)	Skill Enhancement Courses SEC (4)	Discipline Specific Elective DSE (4)
I	CC- Botany I CC- Zoology I CC- Chemistry I	English Communication		
II	CC- Botany II CC-Zoology II CC- Chemistry II	Environmental Science		
III	CC- Botany III CC-Zoology III CC- Chemistry III		SEC-I	
IV	CC- Botany IV CC-Zoology IV CC- Chemistry IV		SEC-II	
V			SEC-III	DSE-Botany I DSE-Zoology I DSE-Chemistry I
VI			SEC-IV	DSE-Botany II DSE-Zoology II DSE-Chemistry II

# **Discipline Core Courses: Zoology**

- 1. Animal Diversity
- 2. Comparative Anatomy and Developmental Biology of Vertebrates
- 3. Physiology and Biochemistry
- 4. Genetics and Evolutionary Biology

## **Discipline Specific Electives: Zoology (Any two)**

- 1. Applied Zoology
- 2. Animal Biotechnology
- 3. Aquatic Biology
- 4. Immunology
- 5. Reproductive Biology
- 6. Insect, Vector and Diseases

# **Skill Enhancement Courses: Zoology**

- 1. Apiculture
- 2. Aquarium Fish Keeping
- 3. Aquatic Biology
- 4. Medical Diagonistics
- 5. Public Health and Hygiene
- 5. Sericulture

## CORE COURSE I ANIMAL DIVERSITY

THEORY (CREDITS 4	)
Unit 1: Kingdom Protista General characters and classification up to classes; Locomotory Organelles and locomoti Protozoa	4 on in
Unit 2: Phylum Porifera General characters and classification up to classes; Canal System in <i>Sycon</i>	3
Unit 3: Phylum Cnidaria General characters and classification up to classes; Polymorphism in Hydrozoa	3
Unit 4: Phylum Platyhelminthes General characters and classification up to classes; Life history of <i>Taenia solium</i>	3
Unit 5: Phylum Nemathelminthes General characters and classification up to classes; Life history of <i>Ascaris lumbricoide</i> , its parasitic adaptations	5 s and
Unit 6: Phylum Annelida General characters and classification up to classes; Metamerism in Annelida	3
Unit 7: Phylum Arthropoda General characters and classification up to classes; Vision in Arthropoda, Metamorphos Insects	5 sis in
Unit 8: Phylum Mollusca General characters and classification up to classes; Torsion in gastropods	4
Unit 9: Phylum Echinodermata General characters and classification up to classes; Water-vascular system in Asteroidea	4
Unit 10: Protochordates General features and Phylogeny of Protochordata	2
Unit 11: Agnatha General features of Agnatha and classification of cyclostomes up to classes	2
Unit 12: Pisces General features and Classification up to orders; Osmoregulation in Fishes	4

Unit 13: Amphibia	4
General features and Classification up to orders; Parental care	
Unit 14: Reptiles  General features and Classification up to orders: Poisonous and non neisonous analysis. I	4
General features and Classification up to orders; Poisonous and non-poisonous snakes, I mechanism in snakes	omig
Unit 15: Aves	5
General features and Classification up to orders; Flight adaptations in birds	
Unit 17: Mammals Classification up to orders; Origin of mammals	5

**Note:** Classification of Unit 1-9 to be followed from "Barnes, R.D. (1982). *Invertebrate Zoology*, V Edition"

#### ANIMAL DIVERSITY

PRACTICAL (CREDITS 2)

1. Study of the following specimens:

Amoeba, Euglena, Plasmodium, Paramecium, Sycon, Hyalonema, and Euplectella, Obelia, Physalia, Aurelia, Tubipora, Metridium, Taenia solium, Male and female Ascaris lumbricoides, Aphrodite, Nereis, Pheretima, Hirudinaria, Palaemon, Cancer, Limulus, Palamnaeus, Scolopendra, Julus, Periplaneta, Apis, Chiton, Dentalium, Pila, Unio, Loligo, Sepia, Octopus, Pentaceros, Ophiura, Echinus, Cucumaria and Antedon, Balanoglossus, Herdmania, Branchiostoma, Petromyzon, Sphyrna, Pristis, Torpedo, Labeo, Exocoetus, Anguilla, Ichthyophis/Ureotyphlus, Salamandra, Bufo, Hyla, Chelone, Hemidactylus, Chamaeleon, Draco, Vipera, Naja, Crocodylus, Gavialis, Any six common birds from different orders, Sorex, Bat, Funambulus, Loris

- **2.** Study of the following permanent slides:
  - T.S. and L.S. of *Sycon*, Study of life history stages of *Taenia*, T.S. of Male and female *Ascaris*
- 3. Key for Identification of poisonous and non-poisonous snakes

An "animal album" containing photographs, cut outs, with appropriate write up about the above mentioned taxa. Different taxa/ topics may be given to different sets of students for this purpose.

- Ruppert and Barnes, R.D. (2006). *Invertebrate Zoology*, VIII Edition. Holt Saunders International Edition.
- Barnes, R.S.K., Calow, P., Olive, P.J.W., Golding, D.W. and Spicer, J.I. (2002). *The Invertebrates: A New Synthesis*, III Edition, Blackwell Science
- Young, J. Z. (2004). The Life of Vertebrates. III Edition. Oxford university press.
- Pough H. Vertebrate life, VIII Edition, Pearson International.
- Hall B.K. and Hallgrimsson B. (2008). *Strickberger's Evolution*. IV Edition. Jones and Bartlett Publishers Inc.

## **CORE COURSE II**

# COMPARATIVE ANATOMY AND DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY OF VERTEBRATES

Unit 1: Integumentary System 4	
Derivatives of integument w.r.t. glands and digital tips	
Unit 2: Skeletal System Evolution of visceral arches	
Unit 3: Digestive System  Brief account of alimentary canal and digestive glands	
Unit 4: Respiratory System  Brief account of Gills, lungs, air sacs and swim bladder  5	
Unit 5: Circulatory System Evolution of heart and aortic arches	
Unit 6: Urinogenital System Succession of kidney, Evolution of urinogenital ducts	
Unit 7: Nervous System Comparative account of brain	
Unit 8: Sense Organs Types of receptors	
Unit 9: Early Embryonic Development  Gametogenesis: Spermatogenesis and oogenesis w.r.t. mammals, vitellogenesis in birds Fertilization: external (amphibians), internal (mammals), blocks to polyspermy; Early development of frog and humans (structure of mature egg and its membranes, patterns o cleavage, fate map, up to formation of gastrula);types of morphogenetic movements; Fate o germ layers; Neurulation in frog embryo.	y of
Unit 10: Late Embryonic Development  Implantation of embryo in humans, Formation of human placenta and functions, other types	·C

of placenta on the basis of histology; Metamorphic events in frog life cycle and its hormonal

regulation.

**THEORY** 

(CREDITS 4)

Fundamental processes in development (brief idea) – Gene activation, determination, induction, Differentiation, morphogenesis, intercellular communication, cell movements and cell death

# COMPARATIVE ANATOMY AND DEVELOPMENTAL BIOLOGY OF VERTEBRATES

PRACTICAL (CREDITS 2)

- 1. Osteology:
  - a) Disarticulated skeleton of fowl and rabbit
  - b) Carapace and plastron of turtle /tortoise
  - c) Mammalian skulls: One herbivorous and one carnivorous animal.
- 2. Frog Study of developmental stages whole mounts and sections through permanent slides cleavage stages, blastula, gastrula, neurula, tail bud stage, tadpole external and internal gill stages.
- 3. Study of the different types of placenta- histological sections through permanent slides or photomicrographs.
- 4. Study of placental development in humans by ultrasound scans.
- 5. Examination of gametes frog/rat sperm and ova through permanent slides or photomicrographs.

- Kardong, K.V. (2005) *Vertebrates' Comparative Anatomy, Function and Evolution*. IV Edition. McGraw-Hill Higher Education.
- Kent, G.C. and Carr R.K. (2000). *Comparative Anatomy of the Vertebrates*. IX Edition. The McGraw-Hill Companies.
- Hilderbrand, M and Gaslow G.E. *Analysis of Vertebrate Structure*, John Wiley and Sons.
- Walter, H.E. and Sayles, L.P; *Biology of Vertebrates*, Khosla Publishing House.
- Gilbert, S. F. (2006). Developmental Biology, VIII Edition, Sinauer Associates, Inc., Publishers, Sunderland, Massachusetts, USA.
- Balinsky, B.I. (2008). An introduction to Embryology, International Thomson Computer Press.
- Carlson, Bruce M (1996). Patten's Foundations of Embryology, McGraw Hill, Inc.

# CORE COURSE III PHYSIOLOGY AND BIOCHEMISTRY

THEORY (CR)	EDITS 4)
Unit 1: Nerve and muscle Structure of a neuron, Resting membrane potential, Graded potential, Orig potential and its propagation in myelinated and non-myelinated nerve fibres, I of skeletal muscle, Molecular and chemical basis of muscle contraction	
Unit 2: Digestion Physiology of digestion in the alimentary canal; Absorption of carbohydrates, pr	5 roteins, lipids
Unit 3: Respiration Pulmonary ventilation, Respiratory volumes and capacities, Transport of Oxyg dioxide in blood	5 en and carbon
Unit 4: Excretion Structure of nephron, Mechanism of Urine formation, Counter-current Mechani	5 sm
Unit 5: Cardiovascular system Composition of blood, Hemostasis, Structure of Heart, Origin and conduction impulse, Cardiac cycle	6 of the cardiac
Unit 6: Reproduction and Endocrine Glands Physiology of male reproduction: hormonal control of spermatogenesis; I female reproduction: hormonal control of menstrual cycle Structure and function of pituitary, thyroid, Parathyroid, pancreas and adrenal	<b>7</b> Physiology of
Unit 7: Carbohydrate Metabolism Glycolysis, Krebs Cycle, Pentose phosphate pathway, Gluconeogenes metabolism, Review of electron transport chain	8 is, Glycogen
Unit 8: Lipid Metabolism Biosynthesis and β oxidation of palmitic acid	5
Unit 9: Protein metabolism Transamination, Deamination and Urea Cycle	5
Unit 10: Enzymes Introduction, Mechanism of action, Enzyme Kinetics, Inhibition and Regulation	6

#### PHYSIOLOGY AND BIOCHEMISTRY

PRACTICAL (CREDITS 2)

- 1. Preparation of hemin and hemochromogen crystals
- 2. Study of permanent histological sections of mammalian pituitary, thyroid, pancreas, adrenal gland
- 3. Study of permanent slides of spinal cord, duodenum, liver, lung, kidney, bone, cartilage
- 4. Qualitative tests to identify functional groups of carbohydrates in given solutions (Glucose, Fructose, Sucrose, Lactose)
- 2. Estimation of total protein in given solutions by Lowry's method.
- 3. Study of activity of salivary amylase under optimum conditions

- Tortora, G.J. and Derrickson, B.H. (2009). *Principles of Anatomy and Physiology*, XII Edition, John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
- Widmaier, E.P., Raff, H. and Strang, K.T. (2008) *Vander's Human Physiology*, XI Edition., McGraw Hill
- Guyton, A.C. and Hall, J.E. (2011). Textbook of Medical Physiology, XII Edition, Harcourt Asia Pvt. Ltd/ W.B. Saunders Company
- Berg, J. M., Tymoczko, J. L. and Stryer, L. (2006). *Biochemistry*. VI Edition. W.H Freeman and Co.
- Nelson, D. L., Cox, M. M. and Lehninger, A.L. (2009). *Principles of Biochemistry*. IV Edition. W.H. Freeman and Co.
- Murray, R.K., Granner, D.K., Mayes, P.A. and Rodwell, V.W. (2009). *Harper's Illustrated Biochemistry*. XXVIII Edition. Lange Medical Books/Mc Graw3Hill.

# CORE COURSE IV GENETICS AND EVOLUTIONARY BIOLOGY

(CREDITS 4)

**THEORY** 

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Unit 1: Introduction to Genetics  Mendel's work on transmission of traits, Genetic Variation, Molecular basis of Genetic Information	3 enetic
Unit 2: Mendelian Genetics and its Extension  Principles of Inheritance, Chromosome theory of inheritance, Incomplete dominance and dominance, Multiple alleles, Lethal alleles, Epistasis, Pleiotropy, sex linked inheritance extra-chromosomal inheritance	
Unit 3: Linkage, Crossing Over and Chromosomal Mapping Linkage and crossing over, Recombination frequency as a measure of linkage intensity factor and three factor crosses, Interference and coincidence, Somatic cell genetics alternative approach to gene mapping	
Unit 4: Mutations Chromosomal Mutations: Deletion, Duplication, Inversion, Translocation, Aneuploidy as Polyploidy; Gene mutations: Induced versus Spontaneous mutations, Back versus Suppremutations,	
Unit 5: Sex Determination Chromosomal mechanisms, dosage compensation	4
Unit 6: History of Life Major Events in History of Life	2
Unit 7: Introduction to Evolutionary Theories Lamarckism, Darwinism, Neo-Darwinism	5
Unit 8: Direct Evidences of Evolution Types of fossils, Incompleteness of fossil record, Dating of fossils, Phylogeny of horse	5
Unit 9: Processes of Evolutionary Change Organic variations; Isolating Mechanisms; Natural selection (Example: Industrial melan Types of natural selection (Directional, Stabilizing, Disruptive), Artificial selection	<b>9</b> nism);
Unit 10: Species Concept Biological species concept (Advantages and Limitations); Modes of speciation (Allop Sympatric)	6 oatric,

## **Unit 11: Macro-evolution**

Macro-evolutionary Principles (example: Darwin's Finches)

Unit 12: Extinction 6

Mass extinction (Causes, Names of five major extinctions, K-T extinction in detail), Role of extinction in evolution

5

#### GENETICS AND EVOLUTIONARY BIOLOGY

PRACTICAL (CREDITS 2)

1. Study of Mendelian Inheritance and gene interactions (Non Mendelian Inheritance) using suitable examples. Verify the results using Chi-square test.

- 2. Study of Linkage, recombination, gene mapping using the data.
- 3. Study of Human Karyotypes (normal and abnormal).
- 4. Study of fossil evidences from plaster cast models and pictures
- 5. Study of homology and analogy from suitable specimens/ pictures
- 6. Charts:
  - a) Phylogeny of horse with diagrams/ cut outs of limbs and teeth of horse ancestors
  - b) Darwin's Finches with diagrams/ cut outs of beaks of different species
- 7. Visit to Natural History Museum and submission of report

- Gardner, E.J., Simmons, M.J., Snustad, D.P. (2008). *Principles of Genetics*. VIII Edition. Wiley India.
- Snustad, D.P., Simmons, M.J. (2009). *Principles of Genetics*. V Edition. John Wiley and Sons Inc.
- Klug, W.S., Cummings, M.R., Spencer, C.A. (2012). *Concepts of Genetics*. X Edition. Benjamin Cummings.
- Russell, P. J. (2009). *Genetics- A Molecular Approach*. III Edition. Benjamin Cummings.
- Griffiths, A.J.F., Wessler, S.R., Lewontin, R.C. and Carroll, S.B. *Introduction to Genetic Analysis*. IX Edition. W. H. Freeman and Co.
- Ridley, M. (2004). Evolution. III Edition. Blackwell Publishing
- Barton, N. H., Briggs, D. E. G., Eisen, J. A., Goldstein, D. B. and Patel, N. H. (2007). *Evolution*. Cold Spring, Harbour Laboratory Press.
- Hall, B. K. and Hallgrimsson, B. (2008). *Evolution*. IV Edition. Jones and Bartlett Publishers
- Campbell, N. A. and Reece J. B. (2011). *Biology*. IX Edition, Pearson, Benjamin, Cummings.
- Douglas, J. Futuyma (1997). Evolutionary Biology. Sinauer Associates.

# DISCIPLINE CENTRIC ELECTIVE COURSES

## DSE 1 ANIMAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

THEORY (Cred	its 4)
Unit 1: Introduction	8
Concept and scope of biotechnology	
Unit 2: Molecular Techniques in Gene manipulation	24
Cloning vectors: Plasmids, Cosmids, Phagemids, Lambda Bacteriophage, M13, BAC, YAC, MAC and Expression vectors (characteristics)	
Restriction enzymes: Nomenclature, detailed study of Type II.	
Transformation techniques: Calcium chloride method and electroporation.	
Construction of genomic and cDNA libraries and screening by colony and plaque hybridization	
Southern, Northern and Western blotting; DNA sequencing: Sanger method	
Polymerase Chain Reaction, DNA Finger Printing and DNA micro array	
Unit 3: Genetically Modified Organisms	18
Production of cloned and transgenic animals: Nuclear Transplantation, Retroviral Method, DNA microinjection	
Applications of transgenic animals: Production of pharmaceuticals, production of donor organs, knockout mice.	
Production of transgenic plants: Agrobacterium mediated transformation.	
Applications of transgenic plants: insect and herbicide resistant plants.	
<b>Unit 4: Culture Techniques and Applications</b>	10
Animal cell culture, Expressing cloned genes in mammalian cells, Molecular diagnosis of genetic diseases (Cystic fibrosis, Sickle cell anemia)	
Recombinant DNA in medicines: Recombinant insulin and human growth hormone, Gene therapy	

#### ANIMAL BIOTECHNOLOGY

PRACTICAL (Credits 2)

- 1. Genomic DNA isolation from *E. coli*
- 2. Plasmid DNA isolation (pUC 18/19) from E. coli
- 3. Restriction digestion of plasmid DNA.
- 4. Construction of circular and linear restriction map from the data provided.
- 5. Calculation of transformation efficiency from the data provided.
- 6. To study following techniques through photographs
  - a) Southern Blotting
  - b) Northern Blotting
  - c) Western Blotting
  - d) DNA Sequencing (Sanger's Method)
  - e) PCR
  - f) DNA fingerprinting
- 7. Project report on animal cell culture

- Brown, T.A. (1998). *Molecular Biology Labfax II: Gene Cloning and DNA Analysis*. II Edition, Academic Press, California, USA.
- Glick, B.R. and Pasternak, J.J. (2009). *Molecular Biotechnology Principles and Applications of Recombinant DNA*. IV Edition, ASM press, Washington, USA.
- Griffiths, A.J.F., J.H. Miller, Suzuki, D.T., Lewontin, R.C. and Gelbart, W.M. (2009). *An Introduction to Genetic Analysis*. IX Edition. Freeman and Co., N.Y., USA.
- Snustad, D.P. and Simmons, M.J. (2009). *Principles of Genetics*. V Edition, John Wiley and Sons Inc.
- Watson, J.D., Myers, R.M., Caudy, A. and Witkowski, J.K. (2007). *Recombinant DNA-Genes and Genomes- A Short Course*. III Edition, Freeman and Co., N.Y., USA.
- Beauchamp, T.I. and Childress, J.F. (2008). *Principles of Biomedical Ethics*. VI Edition, Oxford University Press.

(CREDITS 4)

## DSE 2 APPLIED ZOOLOGY

**THEORY** 

(3222324 )
Unit 1: Introduction to Host-parasite Relationship  Host, Definitive host, Intermediate host, Parasitism, Symbiosis, Commensalism, Reservoir, Zoonosis
Unit 2: Epidemiology of Diseases  Transmission, Prevention and control of diseases: Tuberculosis, typhoid
Unit 3: Rickettsiae and Spirochaetes  Brief account of <i>Rickettsia prowazekii, Borrelia recurrentis</i> and <i>Treponema pallidum</i>
Unit 4: Parasitic Protozoa  Life history and pathogenicity of Entamoeba histolytica, Plasmodium vivax and Trypanosoma gambiense
Unit 5: Parasitic Helminthes  Life history and pathogenicity of <i>Ancylostoma duodenale</i> and <i>Wuchereria bancrofti</i>
Unit 6: Insects of Economic Importance  Biology, Control and damage caused by Helicoverpa armigera, Pyrilla perpusilla and Papilio demoleus, Callosobruchus chinensis, Sitophilus oryzae and Tribolium castaneum
Unit 7: Insects of Medical Importance 8 Medical importance and control of <i>Pediculus humanus corporis</i> , <i>Anopheles, Culex, Aedes, Xenopsylla cheopis</i>
Unit 8: Animal Husbandry Preservation and artificial insemination in cattle; Induction of early puberty and synchronization of estrus in cattle
Unit 9: Poultry Farming Principles of poultry breeding, Management of breeding stock and broilers, Processing and preservation of eggs
Unit 10: Fish Technology  Genetic improvements in aquaculture industry; Induced breeding and transportation of fish seed

#### APPLIED ZOOLOGY

PRACTICAL (CREDITS 2)

1. Study of Plasmodium vivax, Entamoeba histolytica, Trypanosoma gambiense, Ancylostoma duodenale and Wuchereria bancrofti and their life stages through permanent slides/photomicrographs or specimens.

- 2. Study of arthropod vectors associated with human diseases: Pediculus, Culex, Anopheles, Aedes and Xenopsylla.
- 3. Study of insect damage to different plant parts/stored grains through damaged products/photographs.
- 4. Identifying feature and economic importance of Helicoverpa (Heliothis) armigera, Papilio demoleus, Pyrilla perpusilla, Callosobruchus chinensis, Sitophilus oryzae and Tribolium castaneum
- 5. Visit to poultry farm or animal breeding centre. Submission of visit report
- 6. Maintenance of freshwater aquarium

- Park, K. (2007). Preventive and Social Medicine. XVI Edition. B.B Publishers.
- Arora, D. R and Arora, B. (2001). *Medical Parasitology*. II Edition. CBS Publications and Distributors.
- Kumar and Corton. *Pathological Basis of Diseases*.
- Atwal, A.S. (1986). Agricultural Pests of India and South East Asia, Kalyani Publishers.
- Dennis, H. (2009). Agricultural Entomology. Timber Press (OR).
- Hafez, E. S. E. (1962). Reproduction in Farm Animals. Lea & Fabiger Publisher
- Dunham R.A. (2004). Aquaculture and Fisheries Biotechnology Genetic Approaches. CABI publications, U.K.
- Pedigo, L.P. (2002). Entomology and Pest Management, Prentice Hall.

#### DCE 3

#### **AQUATIC BIOLOGY**

THEORY (Credits 4)

#### **UNIT 1: Aquatic Biomes**

Brief introduction of the aquatic biomes: Freshwater ecosystem (lakes, wetlands, streams and rivers), estuaries, intertidal zones, oceanic pelagic zone, marine benthic zone and coral reefs.

#### **UNIT 2: Freshwater Biology**

**Lakes**: Origin and classification, Lake as an Ecosystem, Lake morphometry, Physico-chemical Characteristics: Light, Temperature, Thermal stratification, Dissolved Solids, Carbonate, Bicarbonates, Phosphates and Nitrates, Turbidity; dissolved gases (Oxygen, Carbon dioxide). Nutrient Cycles in Lakes-Nitrogen, Sulphur and Phosphorous.

**Streams:** Different stages of stream development, Physico-chemical environment, Adaptation of hill-stream fishes.

#### **UNIT 3: Marine Biology**

Salinity and density of Sea water, Continental shelf, Adaptations of deep sea organisms, Coral reefs, Sea weeds.

#### **UNIT 4: Management of Aquatic Resources**

Causes of pollution: Agricultural, Industrial, Sewage, Thermal and Oil spills,

Eutrophication, Management and conservation (legislations), Sewage treatment

Water quality assessment- BOD and COD.

PRACTICAL (Credits 2)

- 1. Determine the area of a lake using graphimetric and gravimetric method.
- 2. Identify the important macrophytes, phytoplanktons and zooplanktons present in a lake ecosystem.
- 3. Determine the amount of Turbidity/transparency, Dissolved Oxygen, Free Carbon dioxide, Alkalinity (carbonates & bicarbonates) in water collected from a nearby lake/ water body.
- 4. Instruments used in limnology (Secchi disc, Van Dorn Bottle, Conductivity meter, Turbidity meter, PONAR grab sampler) and their significance.
- 5. A Project Report on a visit to a Sewage treatment plant/Marine bioreserve/Fisheries Institutes.

- **Anathakrishnan**: Bioresources Ecology 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition
- **Goldman**: Limnology, 2<sup>nd</sup> Edition
- Odum and Barrett: Fundamentals of Ecology, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition
- **Pawlowski**: Physicochemical Methods for Water and Wastewater Treatment, 1<sup>st</sup> Edition
- **Wetzel**: Limnology, 3<sup>rd</sup> edition
- Trivedi and Goyal: Chemical and biological methods for water pollution studies
- Welch : Limnology Vols. I-II

# DSE 4 IMMUNOLOGY

THEORY (CREDITS 4)

#### **Unit 1: Overview of the Immune System**

10

Introduction to basic concepts in immunology, components of immune system, principles of innate and adaptive immune system

#### Unit 2: Cells and Organs of the Immune System

- 8

Haematopoeisis, Cells of immune system and organs (primary and secondary lymphoid organs) of the immune system

#### **Unit 3: Antigens**

8

Basic properties of antigens, B and T cell epitopes, haptens and adjuvants

Unit 4: Antibodies 8

Structure, classes and function of antibodies, monoclonal antibodies, antigen antibody interactions as tools for research and diagnosis

#### **Unit 5: Working of the immune system**

12

Structure and functions of MHC, exogenous and endogenous pathways of antigen presentation and processing, Basic properties and functions of cytokines, Complement system: Components and pathways.

#### Unit 6: Immune system in health and disease

10

Gell and Coombs' classification and brief description of various types of hypersensitivities, Introduction to concepts of autoimmunity and immunodeficiency,

Unit 7: Vaccines 4

General introduction to vaccines, Various types of vaccines

#### **IMMUNOLOGY**

**PRACTICAL** (CREDITS 2)

- 1\*. Demonstration of lymphoid organs
- Histological study of spleen, thymus and lymph nodes through slides/ photographs
- Preparation of stained blood film to study various types of blood cells.
- 4. Ouchterlony's double immuno-diffusion method.
- ABO blood group determination.
- 6\*. Cell counting and viability test from splenocytes of farm bred animals/cell lines.
- 7. Demonstration of
  - a) ELISA
  - b) Immunoelectrophoresis

(\*Subject to UGC guidelines)

- Kindt, T. J., Goldsby, R.A., Osborne, B. A. and Kuby, J (2006). Immunology, VI Edition. W.H. Freeman and Company.
- David, M., Jonathan, B., David, R. B. and Ivan R. (2006). *Immunology*, VII Edition, Mosby, Elsevier Publication.
- Abbas, K. Abul and Lechtman H. Andrew (2003.) Cellular and Molecular Immunology. V Edition. Saunders Publication.

#### DSE 5

#### REPRODUCTIVE BIOLOGY

THEORY (CREDITS 4)

#### **Unit 1: Reproductive Endocrinology**

Gonadal hormones and mechanism of hormone action, steroids, glycoprotein hormones, and prostaglandins, hypothalamo – hypophyseal – gonadal axis, regulation of gonadotrophin secretion in male and female; Reproductive System: Development and differentiation of gonads, genital ducts, external genitalia, mechanism of sex differentiation.

#### **Unit 2: Functional anatomy of male reproduction**

Outline and histological of male reproductive system in rat and human; Testis: Cellular functions, germ cell, system cell renewal; Spermatogenesis: kinetics and hormonal regulation; Androgen synthesis and metabolism; Epididymal function and sperm maturation; Accessory glands functions; Sperm transportation in male tract

#### **Unit 3: Functional anatomy of female reproduction**

Outline and histological of female reproductive system in rat and human; Ovary: folliculogenesis, ovulation, corpus luteum formation and regression; Steroidogenesis and secretion of ovarian hormones; Reproductive cycles (rat and human) and their regulation, changes in the female tract; Ovum transport in the fallopian tubes; Sperm transport in the female tract, fertilization; Hormonal control of implantation; Hormonal regulation of gestation, pregnancy diagnosis, foeto – maternal relationship; Mechanism of parturition and its hormonal regulation; Lactation and its regulation

#### **Unit 4: Reproductive Health**

Infertility in male and female: causes, diagnosis and management; Assisted Reproductive Technology: sex selection, sperm banks, frozen embryos, in vitro fertilization, ET, EFT, IUT, ZIFT, GIFT, ICSI, PROST; Modern contraceptive technologies; Demographic terminology used in family planning

#### REPRODUCTIVE BIOLOGY

**PRACTICAL** (CREDITS 2)

1. Study of animal house; set up and maintenance of animal house, breeding techniques, care of normal and experimental animals.

- 2. Examination of vaginal smear rats from live animals.
- 3. Surgical techniques: principles of surgery in endocrinology. Ovarectomy, hysterectorny, castration and vasectomy in rats.
- 4. Examination of histological sections from photomicrographs/ permanent slides of rat/human: testis, epididymis and accessory glands of male reproductive systems; Sections of ovary, fallopian tube, uterus (proliferative and secretory stages), cervix and vagina.
- 5. Human vaginal exfoliate cytology.
- 6. Sperm count and sperm motility in rat
- 7. Study of modern contraceptive devices

- Austin, C.R. and Short, R.V. reproduction in Mammals. Cambridge University Press.
- Degroot, L.J. and Jameson, J.L. (eds). Endocrinology. W.B. Saunders and Company.
- Knobil, E. et al. (eds). The Physiology of Reproduction. Raven Press Ltd.
- Hatcher, R.A. et al. The Essentials of Contraceptive Technology. Population Information Programme.

# **GE 6** INSECT, VECTORS AND DISEASES

THEORY	Credits 4)
Unit I: Introduction to Insects	6
General Features of Insects, Morphological features, Head – Eyes, Types of antennae, Mouth parts w.r.t. feeding habits	
Unit II: Concept of Vectors	6
Brief introduction of Carrier and Vectors (mechanical and biological vector), Reservoirs, Host-vector relationship, Vectorial capacity, Adaptations as vectors, Host Specificity	
Unit III: Insects as Vectors	8
Classification of insects up to orders, detailed features of orders with insects as vectors – Diptera, Siphonaptera, Siphonaulata, Hemiptera	
Unit IV: Dipteran as Disease Vectors	24
Dipterans as important insect vectors - Mosquitoes, Sand fly, Houseflies;	
Study of mosquito-borne diseases – Malaria, Dengue, Chikungunya, Viral encephalitis, Filariasis; Control of mosquitoes	
Study of sand fly-borne diseases – Visceral Leishmaniasis, Cutaneous Leishmaniasis, Phlebotomus fever; Control of Sand fly	
Study of house fly as important mechanical vector, Myiasis, Control of house fly	
Unit IV: Siphonaptera as Disease Vectors	6
Fleas as important insect vectors; Host-specificity, Study of Flea-borne diseases – Plague, Typhus fever; Control of fleas	
Unit V: Siphunculata as Disease Vectors	4
Human louse (Head, Body and Pubic louse) as important insect vectors; Study of louse-borne diseases –Typhus fever, Relapsing fever, Trench fever, Vagabond's disease, Phthiriasis; Control of human louse	
Unit VI: Hempitera as Disease Vectors	6
Bugs as insect vectors; Blood-sucking bugs; Chagas disease, Bed bugs as mechanical vectors, Control and prevention measures	

#### **INSECT VECTORS AND DISEASES**

**PRACTICAL** (CREDITS 2)

- Study of different kinds of mouth parts of insects
- Study of following insect vectors through permanent slides/ photographs: Aedes, Culex, Anopheles, Pediculus humanus capitis, Pediculus humanus corporis, Phithirus pubis, Xenopsylla cheopis, Cimex lectularius, Phlebotomus argentipes, Musca domestica, through permanent slides/ photographs
- 3. Study of different diseases transmitted by above insect vectors

#### Submission of a project report on any one of the insect vectors and disease transmitted

#### **SUGGESTED READINGS**

- Imms, A.D. (1977). A General Text Book of Entomology. Chapman & Hall, UK
- Chapman, R.F. (1998). The Insects: Structure and Function. IV Edition, Cambridge University Press, UK
- Pedigo L.P. (2002). Entomology and Pest Management. Prentice Hall Publication
- Mathews, G. (2011). Integrated Vector Management: Controlling Vectors of Malaria and Other Insect Vector Borne Diseases. Wiley-Blackwell

#### SKILL ENHANCEMENT COURSES

#### SEC 1

#### **APICULTURE**

(CREDITS 2)

**Unit 1: Biology of Bees** 

**(4)** 

History, Classification and Biology of Honey Bees Social Organization of Bee Colony

#### **Unit 2: Rearing of Bees**

(10)

Artificial Bee rearing (Apiary), Beehives – Newton and Langstroth Bee Pasturage Selection of Bee Species for Apiculture

#### Bee Keeping Equipment

Methods of Extraction of Honey (Indigenous and Modern)

#### **Unit 3: Diseases and Enemies**

**(5)** 

Bee Diseases and Enemies Control and Preventive measures

#### **Unit 4: Bee Economy**

**(2)** 

Products of Apiculture Industry and its Uses (Honey, Bees Wax, Propolis), Pollen etc

#### **Unit 5: Entrepreneurship in Apiculture**

**(4)** 

Bee Keeping Industry – Recent Efforts, Modern Methods in employing artificial Beehives for cross pollination in horticultural gardens

- Prost, P. J. (1962). Apiculture. Oxford and IBH, New Delhi.
- Bisht D.S., *Apiculture*, ICAR Publication.
- Singh S., Beekeeping in India, Indian council of Agricultural Research, NewDelhi.

#### SEC - 2

#### **AQUARIUM FISH KEEPING**

(CREDITS 2)

#### **Unit1: Introduction to Aquarium Fish Keeping**

The potential scope of Aquarium Fish Industry as a Cottage Industry, Exotic and Endemic species of Aquarium Fishes

#### **Unit 2: Biology of Aquarium Fishes**

Common characters and sexual dimorphism of Fresh water and Marine Aquariumfishes such as Guppy, Molly, Sword tail, Gold fish, Angel fish, Blue morph, Anemone fish and Butterfly fish

#### **Unit 3: Food and feeding of Aquarium fishes**

Use of live fish feed organisms. Preparation and composition of formulated fish feeds

#### **Unit 4: Fish Transportation**

Live fish transport - Fish handling, packing and forwarding techniques.

#### **Unit 5: Maintenance of Aquarium**

General Aquarium maintenance - budget for setting up an Aquarium Fish Farm as a Cottage Industry

(Credits 2)

#### SEC 3 **MEDICAL DIAGNOSTICS**

Unit 1: Introduction to Medical Diagnostics and its Importance 2	
Unit 2: Diagnostics Methods Used for Analysis of Blood  Blood composition, Preparation of blood smear and Differential Leucocyte Cour (D.L.C) using Leishman's stain, Platelet count using haemocytometer, Erythrocyt Sedimentary Rate (E.S.R), Packed Cell Volume (P.C.V.)	nt
Unit 3: Diagnostic Methods Used for Urine Analysis Urine Analysis: Physical characteristics; Abnormal constituents	ĺ
Unit 4:Non-infectious Diseases  Causes, types, symptoms, complications, diagnosis and prevention of Diabetes (Type and Type II), Hypertension (Primary and secondary), Testing of blood glucose usin Glucometer/Kit	

#### **Unit 5: Infectious Diseases**

**THEORY** 

3

Causes, types, symptoms, diagnosis and prevention of Tuberculosis and Hepatitis

**Unit 6: Tumours** 

Types (Benign/Malignant), Detection and metastasis; Medical imaging: X-Ray of Bone fracture, PET, MRI and CT Scan (using photographs).

- Park, K. (2007), Preventive and Social Medicine, B.B. Publishers
- Godkar P.B. and Godkar D.P. Textbook of Medical Laboratory Technology, II Edition, Bhalani Publishing House
- Cheesbrough M., A Laboratory Manual for Rural Tropical Hospitals, A Basis for Training Courses
- Guyton A.C. and Hall J.E. Textbook of Medical Physiology, Saunders
- Robbins and Cortan, Pathologic Basis of Disease, VIIIEdition, Saunders
- Prakash, G. (2012), Lab Manual on Blood Analysis and Medical Diagnostics, S. Chand and Co. Ltd.

#### SEC 4

#### RESEARCH METHODOLOGY

	CREDITS 2
Unit 1: Foundations of Research	5
Meaning, Objectives, Motivation: Research Methods vs Methodology, Types of Research: Analytical vs Descriptive, Quantitative vs Qualitative, Basic vs Applie	
Unit 2: Research Design	8
Need for research design: Features of good design, Important concepts related good design- Observation and Facts, Prediction and Explanation, Development of Models. Developing a research plan: Problem identification, Experimentation Determining experimental and sample designs	of
Unit 3: Data Collection, Analysis and Report Writing	12
Observation and Collection of Data-Methods of data collection- Samplin Methods, Data Processing and Analysis Strategies, Technical Reports and Thes writing, Preparation of Tables and Bibliography. Data Presentation using digit technology	is
Unit 4: Ethical Issues	5
Intellectual property Rights, Commercialization, Copy Right, Royalty, Patent law Plagiarism, Citation, Acknowledgement	V,

- Anthony, M, Graziano, A.M. and Raulin, M.L. 2009. Research Methods: A Process of Inquiry, Allyn and Bacon.
- Walliman, N. 2011.Research Methods- The Basics. Taylor and Francis, London, New York.
- Wadhera, B.L.: Law Relating to Patents, Trade Marks, Copyright Designs and Geographical Indications, 2002, Universal Law publishing
- C.R.Kothari: Research Methodology, New Age International, 2009
- Coley, S.M. and Scheinberg, C.A. 1990, "Proposal writing". Stage Publications.

#### SEC 5

#### SERICULTURE

	(CREDITS 2)
Unit 1: Introduction	(3)
Sericulture: Definition, history and present status; Silk route	
Types of silkworms, Distribution and Races Exotic and indigenous races Mulberry and non-mulberry Sericulture	
Unit 2: Biology of Silkworm Life cycle of <i>Bombyx mori</i> Structure of silk gland and secretion of silk	(3)
Unit 3: Rearing of Silkworms Selection of mulberry variety and establishment of mulberry garden Rearing house and rearing appliances Disinfectants: Formalin, bleaching powder, RKO Silkworm rearing technology: Early age and Late age rearing Types of mountages Spinning, harvesting and storage of cocoons	(13)
Unit 4: Pests and Diseases Pests of silkworm: Uzi fly, dermestid beetles and vertebrates Pathogenesis of silkworm diseases: Protozoan, viral, fungal and bacterial Control and prevention of pests and diseases	(4)
Unit 5: Entrepreneurship in Sericulture Prospectus of Sericulture in India: Sericulture industry in different statemployment, potential in mulberry and non-mulberry sericulture. Visit to var sericulture centres.	
CHOCECTED DE ADINOS	

- Handbook of Practical Sericulture: S.R. Ullal and M.N. Narasimhanna CSB, Bangalore
- Appropriate Sericultural Techniques; Ed. M. S. Jolly, Director, CSR & TI, Mysore.
- Handbook of Silkworm Rearing: Agriculture and Technical Manual-1, Fuzi Pub. Co. Ltd., Tokyo, Japan1972.
- Manual of Silkworm Egg Production; M. N. Narasimhanna, CSB, Bangalore 1988.
- Silkworm Rearing; Wupang—Chun and Chen Da-Chung, Pub. By FAO, Rome 1988.
- A Guide for Bivoltine Sericulture; K. Sengupta, Director, CSR & TI, Mysore 1989.
- Improved Method of Rearing Young age silkworm; S. Krishnaswamy, reprinted CSB, Bangalore, 1986.